2024 Current Fiscal Year Report: President's Committee on the **International Labor Organization**

Report Run Date: 04/26/2024 02:48:34 PM

2. Fiscal Year 1. Department or Agency

Department of Labor 2024

3b. GSA 3. Committee or Subcommittee

Committee No.

President's Committee on the International

649 Labor Organization

4. Is this New During 5. Current 6. Expected 7. Expected Fiscal Year? Charter Renewal Date **Term Date** No 11/01/2021 11/01/2023 09/30/2025

8a. Was Terminated During Termination 8b. Specific 8c. Actual FiscalYear? **Term Date** Authority

No E.O. 14109

9. Agency 10b.

10a. Legislation **Recommendation for Next** Legislation **Reg to Terminate? FiscalYear** Pending?

Continue Not Applicable Not Applicable

11. Establishment Authority Presidential

13. 14. 12. Specific Establishment

Effective Committee Presidential? Authority Date Type

E.O. 12216 continued by

E.O. 14109 of September 29, 06/18/1980 Continuing Yes 2023

15. Description of Committee National Policy Issue Advisory

Board

16a. Total No Reports for

Number of this FiscalYear

Reports

0 17b. Closed 0 17c. Partially Closed 0 Other Activities 0 17d. Total 0

Meetings and Dates

No Meetings

	Current Next	
	FY	FY
18a(1). Personnel Pmts to	ቀ ሰ ሰ	ነብ ድብ ብብ
Non-Federal Members	Ф О.С	00\$0.00
18a(2). Personnel Pmts to	ድስ ሰ	00\$0.00
Federal Members	φυ.υ	ω φυ.υυ
18a(3). Personnel Pmts to	\$0.0	00\$0.00
Federal Staff	ψ0.0	ω ψυ.υυ
18a(4). Personnel Pmts to	\$0.0	00\$0.00
Non-Member Consultants	ψ0.0	/ο ψο.οο
18b(1). Travel and Per Diem to	\$0.0	00\$0.00
Non-Federal Members	Ψ0.0	/ο ψο.οο
18b(2). Travel and Per Diem to	\$0.0	00\$0.00
Federal Members	ψ0.0	/ο ψο.οο
18b(3). Travel and Per Diem to	\$0.0	00\$0.00
Federal Staff	ψ0.0	/ο ψο.οο
18b(4). Travel and Per Diem to	\$0.0	00\$0.00
Non-member Consultants	ψ0.0	/ο ψο.οο
18c. Other(rents,user charges,	\$0.0	00\$0.00
graphics, printing, mail, etc.)	ψ0.0	/ο ψο.οο
18d. Total	\$0.0	00\$0.00
19. Federal Staff Support Years	0.0	0.00
(FTE)	0.0	0.00

20a. How does the Committee accomplish its purpose?

The purpose of the President's Committee on the International Labor Organization (ILO) is to formulate and coordinate United States policy towards the ILO, with a view to promoting continued reform and progress in that organization. To accomplish this purpose, the Committee monitors and assesses the work of the ILO; makes recommendations to the President or other officers of the federal government, including the Secretary of Labor; and performs other functions relevant to relations with the ILO as requested by the President or the Committee

chair. The Committee also provides the mechanism for sharing information and, as needed, coordinating views relating to U.S. participation in the ILO. These consultations help to ensure a more effective role for the U.S. government in the ILO. The mechanism was originally established in 1975 and formalized as a federal advisory committee in 1980. Since 1988, the President's Committee mechanism has served as the principal means by which the United States complies with its treaty obligations under ILO Convention No. 144 concerning Tripartite Consultations to Promote the Implementation of International Labor Standards.

20b. How does the Committee balance its membership?

The composition of the President's Committee reflects the treaty obligations undertaken by the United States when it joined the ILO in 1934 (by formally accepting the ILO Constitution) and when it ratified Convention No. 144 in 1988. Central to the ILO is its tripartite membership structure: in addition to governments, the ILO Constitution requires the autonomous participation of representative organizations of employers and workers from each Member State. Further, Convention No. 144 provides that consultations shall be undertaken with the "most representative" organizations of workers and employers in each ratifying country, and that the participants in the consultations shall be freely chosen by their respective organizations. Since its creation by Executive Order (EO) 12216 in 1980, the President's Committee (as well as the Cabinet-level Committee that preceded it) has always included a representative of the U.S. business community and of organized labor. The most representative organizations of U.S. workers and employers engaged in ILO matters are the American Federation of Labor and Congress of Industrial Organizations (AFL–CIO) and the United States Council for International Business (USCIB), respectively. Consistent with EO 12216 and all subsequent EOs continuing the Committee, the business and labor members are the presidents of their respective organizations. All Committee members are ex officio, as specified in the Committee's charter.

20c. How frequent and relevant are the Committee Meetings?

The Secretary of Labor convenes and chairs a formal meeting of the President's Committee only when specific issues require consultations at the highest level. Meetings are directly relevant to the development of policy regarding U.S. participation in the ILO.

20d. Why can't the advice or information this committee provides be obtained elsewhere?

Convention No. 144 requires that ratifying governments "operate procedures which ensure effective consultations" with respect to matters concerning specific activities of the International Labor Organization "between representatives of government, of employers and of workers." The United States ratified Convention No. 144 by virtue of the existence of the President's Committee on the ILO. No other mechanism exists to fulfill the requirements of Convention No. 144 or provides the means for effective tripartite consultations on ILO matters. Further, the committee is needed to ensure a coordinated U.S. presence in the ILO that takes into account the interests, needs and perspectives of those agencies responsible for issues pertaining to labor, international affairs, international

commerce, as well as key representatives of the private sector. In particular, consultations between the parties are needed to direct USG action with respect to suggesting possible instruments for ratification.

20e. Why is it necessary to close and/or partially closed committee meetings?

The President's Committee on the ILO discusses U.S. government policy and strategy vis-a-vis the ILO, the role and activities of the Director-General and other senior ILO officials, U.S. bilateral relations with a range of ILO Member States, and the feasibility of U.S. ratification of ILO conventions. These discussions involve information the premature disclosure of which would be likely to significantly frustrate implementation of proposed agency actions and, accordingly, are closed to the public. Since it was authorized in 1980, every meeting of the President's Committee has been closed.

21. Remarks

The President's Committee was authorized in 1980 by EO 12216, in accordance with the Federal Advisory Committee Act, and has been re-authorized by subsequent EOs without interruption. The PC/ILO was most recently continued by EO 14109 of September 29, 2023. Owing to United States treaty obligations, undertaken by virtue of the existence of the President's Committee, the continued existence of the Committee cannot be considered a purely discretionary matter. The Secretary of Labor convenes a formal meeting of the PC/ILO only when warranted by the issues under consideration. When the PC/ILO meets, its conclusions are transmitted to the President.

Designated Federal Officer

Thea M. Lee Deputy Undersecretary for International Labor Affairs Bureau

Committee Members	Start	End	Occupation	Member Designation
Baird, Whitney	03/07/2024		President US Council for International Business	Ex Officio Member
Blinken, Antony	01/26/2021	01/19/2025	Secretary of State	Ex Officio Member
Brainard, Lael	02/14/2023	01/19/2025	Assistant to the President for Economic Policy	Ex Officio Member
Raimondo, Gina	03/03/2021	01/19/2025	Secretary of Commerce	Ex Officio Member
Shuler, Elizabeth	11/23/2021	09/30/2024	President, AFL-CIO	Ex Officio Member
Su, Julie	03/11/2023	01/19/2025	Acting Secretary of Labor	Ex Officio Member
Sullivan, Jake	01/20/2021	01/19/2025	Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs	Ex Officio Member

Number of Committee Members Listed: 7

Narrative Description

The President's Committee on the International Labor Organization (ILO) enables DOL to achieve its mission of soliciting the views of, consulting, and interacting with all stakeholders regarding U.S. participation in the International Labor Organization. The ILO is a tripartite organization that requires the autonomous participation by governments, workers' organizations and employers' organizations. USG representation in the ILO is more effective when the views of U.S. workers and employers are taken into account. DOL is the lead USG agency in the ILO.

What are the most significant program outcomes associated with this committee?

	Checked if Applies	
mprovements to health or safety		
Trust in government		✓
Major policy changes		✓

Advance in scientific research	
Effective grant making	
Improved service delivery	
Increased customer satisfaction	
Implementation of laws or regulatory	
requirements	
Other	✓

Outcome Comments

The most significant outcome associated with the PC/ILO is the opportunity it provides for sharing information and, to the extent necessary, coordinating views and policy relating to United States participation in the ILO.

What are the cost savings associated with this committee?

	Checked if Applies
None	
Unable to Determine	√
Under \$100,000	
\$100,000 - \$500,000	
\$500,001 - \$1,000,000	
\$1,000,001 - \$5,000,000	
\$5,000,001 - \$10,000,000	
Over \$10,000,000	
Cost Savings Other	

Cost Savings Comments

N/A.

What is the approximate <u>Number</u> of recommendations produced by this committee for the life of the committee?

0

Number of Recommendations Comments

During the committee's nearly 40-year history, the members of the committee have discussed a wide range of ILO-related issues, most of which were not (and cannot now be) translated into distinct recommendations. The most concrete conclusions coming out of the PC/ILO have been nine unanimous tripartite assessments with regard to feasibility of United States ratification of selected ILO conventions.

What is the approximate <u>Percentage</u> of the will be <u>Fully</u> implemented by the agency?	ese recommendations that have been or
% of Recommendations Fully Implemented As noted above, most of the Committee's delayer recommendations. Nonetheless, the views of account by DOL, to the extent that the relevant Department.	iberations cannot be translated into concrete the PC/ILO have been fully taken into
What is the approximate <u>Percentage</u> of the will be <u>Partially</u> implemented by the agend	
% of Recommendations <u>Partially</u> Impleme N/A.	nted Comments
Does the agency provide the committee wimplement recommendations or advice of the Yes No Not Applicable	
Agency Feedback Comments Feedback is provided through the Committee sharing information and providing policy optic	
What other actions has the agency taken a recommendation?	as a result of the committee's advice or
	Checked if Applies
Reorganized Priorities	✓
Reallocated resources	N.T
Issued new regulation	
Proposed legislation	
Approved grants or other payments	
Other	

Action Comments

See previous responses regarding recommendations by the PC/ILO.

No	
Grant Review Comments	
N/A.	
How is access provided to the information	ation for the Committee's documentation?
	Checked if Applies
Contact DFO	∀
Online Agency Web Site	¥
Online Committee Web Site	
Online GSA FACA Web Site	X
Publications	
Other	✓

Is the Committee engaged in the review of applications for grants?

Access Comments

Queries about the PC/ILO may be addressed to the Office of International Relations and Economic Research, U.S. Department of Labor, via telephone, email or the DOL website. PC/ILO closed meeting annual reports are available at the Library of Congress.