# 2004 Current Fiscal Year Report: Negotiated Rulemaking Committee on All Appropriate Inquiry

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1. Department or Agency				2. Fiscal Year	
Environmental Protection Agency				2004	
3. Committee or Subcommittee			3b. GSA		
3. Committee of Subcommittee				Committee No.	
Negotiated Rulen	naking Committe	e on A	All	16567	
Appropriate Inqui	ry			10507	
4. Is this New During 5. Current 6. Expected				7. Expected	
Fiscal Year?	Charter	Rene	ewal Date	Term Date	
No	04/28/2003	8 04/28	3/2005	04/28/2005	
8b. Specific 8a. Was Terminated During FiscalYear? Authority				8c. Actual Term Date	
Yes	Age	ncy Aı	uthority	04/15/2004	
9. Agency	10-		alation	10b.	
Recommendatio	n for Next	-	slation	Legislation	
FiscalYear	Rec		rminate?	Pending?	
Terminate	No				
11. Establishme	nt Authority Ag	ency A	Authority		
12. Specific	13.	1	4.	445	
Establishment	Effectiv	ve (	Commitee	14c. Presidential?	
Authority	Date	٦	Гуре	Presidential?	
Agency Decision	02/19/2	003 (	Continuing	No	
15. Description	of Committee R	egulat	tory Negoti	ations	
Committee					
Number of	No Reports for this FiscalYear				
17a. 2 17b. Closed 0 17c. Partially Closed 0 Other Activities 0 17d. Total 2 Open					
Meetings and Da	ates				
Purpose	St	art	End		

Purpose	Start	Ena
Continued Negotiations on All Appropriate Inquiry proposed rule.	10/14/2003	- 10/16/2003
Continue negotiations on proposed rule for all appropriate inquiry.	11/12/2003	- 11/13/2003

#### Number of Committee Meetings Listed: 2

J	Current	Next
	FY	FY
18a(1). Personnel Pmts to	ድር ሰር	<u>م</u> م مم
Non-Federal Members	\$U.UC	\$0.00
18a(2). Personnel Pmts to	\$1,602.00	00 02 O
Federal Members	ψ1,002.00	ψ0.00
18a(3). Personnel Pmts to	\$12,998.00	\$0.00
Federal Staff	φ12,000.00	φ0.00
18a(4). Personnel Pmts to	\$0.00	\$0.00
Non-Member Consultants	<b>\$0.00</b>	φ0.00
18b(1). Travel and Per Diem to	\$3,005.00	\$0.00
Non-Federal Members	<i><b>Q</b></i> <b>QQQQQQQQQQQQQ</b>	φοιο ο
18b(2). Travel and Per Diem to	\$0.00	\$0.00
Federal Members		+
18b(3). Travel and Per Diem to	\$0.00	\$0.00
Federal Staff		<b>,</b>
18b(4). Travel and Per Diem to	\$0.00	\$0.00
Non-member Consultants		
18c. Administrative Costs		
(FRNs, contractor support,	\$0.00	\$0.00
In-person/hybrid/virtual		
meetings)		
18d. Other (all other funds not	\$19,995.00	00 00
captured by any other cost category)	φ19,995.0C	σφ0.00
18e. Total Costs	\$37,600.00	00 D2
19. Federal Staff Support	ψυν,υυυ.υυ	ψυ.υυ
Years (FTE)	0.10	0.00

## 20a. How does the Committee accomplish its purpose?

FY 2004 Accomplishments: The Committee reached consensus on recommended regulatory language on during it's November 12-13,2003 meeting. EPA published in the Federal Register the recommended regulatory language as part of a proposed rule, on August 26, 2004.PAST **HISTORY: The Negotiated Rulemaking Committee** on All Appropriate Inquiry provided a public negotiation forum for a balanced group of stakeholders representing a broad array of interests and backgrounds to negotiate and if possible, reach consensus on recommendations for a proposed rule. The major issues that the Committee discussed and negotiated included:a. Clear definition and description of criteria identified in Brownfields Law:1. The results of an inquiry by an environmental professional2. Interviews with past and present owners, operators, and occupants of the facility for the purpose of gathering information regarding the potential for contamination at the facility3. Reviews of historical sources, such as chain of title documents, aerial photographs, building department records, and land use records, to determine previous uses and occupancies of the real property since the property was first developed 4. Searches for recorded environmental cleanup liens against the facility that are filed under Federal, State, or local law5. Reviews of Federal, State, and local government records, waste disposal records, underground storage tank records, and hazardous waste handling, generation, treatment, disposal, and spill records, concerning contamination at or near the facility6. Visual inspections of the facility and of adjoining properties7. Specialized knowledge or experience on the part of the defendant8. The relationship of the purchase price to the value of the property, if the property was not contaminated9. Commonly known or reasonably ascertainable information about the property10. The degree of obviousness of the presence or likely presence of contamination at the property, and the ability to detect the contamination by appropriate investigationa. Definition of A reasonable time within which all appropriate

inquiry must be conductedb. Relationship of federal standard to state program requirementsc. Extent to which federal standard requires documentation or evidence of potential contamination (e.g., sampling and analysis)e. Inclusion (or exclusion) of non-CERCLA contaminants (e.g., petroleum) f. Shelf life of an assessmentThe duties of the Negotiated Rulemaking Committee on All Appropriate Inquiry are solely advisory in nature. The Committee negotiates the merits and context of the issues listed above as well as the content of the regulatory language for the proposed rulemaking. After each meeting the text of the Committee's working document (the draft proposed regulatory language) is revised to reflect the Committee's negotiations and serves as a starting point for the next meeting's negotiations. The Committee reached consensus on recommended regulatory language on November 14, 2003. EPA published in the Federal Register the recommend regulatory language as part of a proposed rule, on August 26, 2004.

### 20b. How does the Committee balance its membership?

Membership in the Negotiated Rulemaking Committee for All Appropriate Inquiry was developed in several ways. We first identified parties who have been involved with us in the analysis and refinement of the liability and all appropriate inquiry issues addressed in the Brownfields Law; second, we retained an expert facilitator to undertake a convening process to identify interested and affected stakeholders. The facilitator interviewed many of the stakeholders that we initially identified, as well as additional stakeholders identified by the initial interviewees, to determine the potentially affected parties, ascertain which parties are interested in participating in a regulatory negotiation, and identify what issues need to be negotiated. In addition, we will publish a Notice of Intent to Negotiate in the Federal Register, as required by the Negotiated Rulemaking Act, to determine if other parties not previously identified or contacted will be affected by the rule and identify additional parties interested in participating in the work of the Committee. Special attention was placed on ensuring a balanced membership for the negotiating committee. We initially identified categories of stakeholders potentially affected by the regulation, keeping in mind that the regulatory standards will affect a diverse group of public and private sector entities. Our initial list of affected stakeholders included state and local governments, private real estate interests, public interest groups representing environmental and public health interests, the environmental justice community, Tribal governments, commercial lenders, environmental professionals, and real estate developers. We then identified trade associations and interest groups representing each of these categories of stakeholders and solicited their assistance in identifying other stakeholder interests that should be included in the negotiation. After interviewing over 50 different representatives, we determined that the following categories of interested stakeholders should be included in the negotiations: EPA, other federal government agencies, state environmental agencies, local government, tribal governments, real estate developers, bankers and lenders, environmental interest groups, the environmental justice community, and environmental professionals. We believe that representation from these categories of stakeholders will ensure a balance of governmental interests, as well as a

balance between private and public sector interests, a balance of community and commercial interests and a balance amongst the types of private sector interests affected. In addition, as we solicit participation from individual interest groups and trade associations we will attempt to balance the committee across geographical regions and socio-economic groups.

### 20c. How frequent and relevant are the Committee Meetings?

The Committee met twice during FY 2004 to complete its work. The final meeting of the committee was very relevant given that at the final meeting the Committee reached consensus on recommended regulatory language.

### 20d. Why can't the advice or information this committee provides be obtained elsewhere?

The Committee was necessary (completed its work in FY 2004) because of the many complex requirements and time-critical deadlines emanating from the Brownfields Law, a number of policy and regulatory processes within the Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response are undergoing change. Some of these changes require rulemaking, the development of new policies, extensive review and revamping of existing policies, and/or extensive process improvements. A key requirement of the Brownfields Law is the congressionally-mandated schedule for EPA to complete the rulemaking on all appropriate inquiry by January, 2004. This rule will have a profound impact on the commercial real estate industry, including property owners, redevelopers, and commercial lenders as well as state and local governments, development and housing authorities, recreational authorities, environmental consultants, commercial and

private users of developed properties, and the general public. It is essential for EPA to have an effective and timely mechanism for the public to engage in meaningful dialogue and for the Agency to have access to the experience, advice and recommendations of knowledgeable and affected parties regarding the standards and requirements to be set forth in a proposed rule setting standards for all appropriate inquiry. The Negotiated Rulemaking Committee for All Appropriate Inquiry also will provide an important mechanism to foster communication and a clearer understanding of the liability limitations provided under the Brownfields law and affiliated implementation issues among our many stakeholders. There are no other Agency committees in existence which include the broad spectrum of stakeholders who are vitally interested in and affected by the development of a federal standard for conduction of all appropriate inquiry as required under the Brownfields Law. Without the Committee, the Agency would need to seek separate feedback from a significant number of constituencies, e.g., real estate developers, commercial lenders, environmental professionals, environmental/public interest groups, environmental justice interest groups, state and local governments, other federal agencies, Tribal governments; public health organizations, and the general public. This would be time-consuming, impractical, more costly, and would not engender the healthy dialogue among and between these various groups that is fostered within the negotiated rulemaking process. The Negotiated Rulemaking process as described in the Negotiated Rulemaking Act provides for parties who typically have opposing viewpoints to come together in open, transparent sessions to develop, after careful analysis and discussions, consensus recommendations on a proposed rulemaking for

EPA to consider.

### 20e. Why is it necessary to close and/or partially closed committee meetings?

No meetings were closed or partially closed in FY 2004.

#### 21. Remarks

The Committee held its last meeting on November 12-13, 2003. At that last meeting, the Committee reached consensus on recommended regulatory language for the proposed rule on all appropriate inquiries.

#### **Designated Federal Officer**

Committee Members	Start	End	Occupation	Member Designation
Blaha, Kathy	04/01/2003	04/30/2005	Trust for Public Land	Special Government Employee (SGE) Member
Block, Eric	04/01/2003	04/30/2005	National Groundwater Association	Special Government Employee (SGE) Member
Bowers, Carol	04/01/2003	04/30/2005	American Society of Civil Engineers	Special Government Employee (SGE) Member
Brownf, Alton	04/01/2003	04/30/2005	International Association of Shopping Centers	Special Government Employee (SGE) Member
Case, Clifford	04/01/2003	04/30/2005	International Municipal Lawyers Association	Special Government Employee (SGE) Member
Cohen, Abbi	04/01/2003	04/30/2005	Mortgage Bankers of America	Special Government Employee (SGE) Member

Patricia J. Overmeyer Designated Federal Officer

Colangelo, Robert	04/01/2003	04/30/2005	National Brownfields Association	Special Government Employee (SGE) Member
Crause, Tom	04/01/2003	04/30/2005	ASTSWMO	Special Government Employee (SGE) Member
Darrell, Andy	04/01/2003	04/30/2005	Environmental Defense	Special Government Employee (SGE) Member
Ferris, Deeohn	04/01/2003	04/30/2005	Partnership for Sustainable Brownfields Redevelopment	Special Government Employee (SGE) Member
Kalbacher, Karl	04/01/2003	04/30/2005	ASTSWMO	Special Government Employee (SGE) Member
Kilgore, Julie	04/01/2003	04/30/2005	Wasatch Environmental, Inc.	Special Government Employee (SGE) Member
Lourie, David	04/01/2003	04/30/2005	ASFE	Special Government Employee (SGE) Member
Luftig, Stephen	04/01/2003	04/30/2005	U.S. Environmental Protection Agency	Special Government Employee (SGE) Member
Miller-Travis, Vernice	04/01/2003	04/30/2005	West Harlem Environmental Action	Special Government Employee (SGE) Member
Mitchell, Martin	04/01/2003	04/30/2005	National Association of Homebuilders	Special Government Employee (SGE) Member
Novak, Kelly	04/01/2003	04/30/2005	National Association of Development Organizations	Special Government Employee (SGE) Member

Platt, Roger	04/01/2003	04/30/2005	The Real Estate Roundtable	Special Government Employee (SGE) Member
Sheahan, Judy	04/01/2003	04/30/2005	U.S. Conference of Mayors	Special Government Employee (SGE) Member
Siegel, Lenny	04/01/2003	04/30/2005	Center for Public Environmental Oversight	Special Government Employee (SGE) Member
Telego, Dean	04/01/2003	04/30/2005	Environmental Bankers Association	Special Government Employee (SGE) Member
Trilling, Barry	04/01/2003	04/30/2005	National Association of Industrial and Office Properties	Special Government Employee (SGE) Member
Ward, Matthew	04/01/2003	04/30/2005	National Association of Local Government Environmental Professionals	Special Government Employee (SGE) Member
Wolk, Julie	04/01/2003	04/30/2005	U.S. Public Interest Research Group	Special Government Employee (SGE) Member

Number of Committee Members Listed: 24

#### **Narrative Description**

The negotiated rulemaking committee supported the Agency's efforts to complete its Congressional mandate in the Small Business Liability Relief and Brownfields Revitalization Act to promulgate federal standards and practices for the conduct of all appropriate inquiries.

### What are the most significant program outcomes associated with this committee?

Checked if Applies

Trust in government	
Major policy changes	
Advance in scientific research	
Effective grant making	
Improved service delivery	
Increased customer satisfaction	
Implementation of laws or regulatory	1
requirements	
Other	

#### **Outcome Comments**

NA

#### What are the cost savings associated with this committee?

	Checked if Applies
None	$\checkmark$
Unable to Determine	
Under \$100,000	
\$100,000 - \$500,000	
\$500,001 - \$1,000,000	
\$1,000,001 - \$5,000,000	
\$5,000,001 - \$10,000,000	
Over \$10,000,000	
Cost Savings Other	

Cost Savings Comments NA

What is the approximate  $\underline{\text{Number}}$  of recommendations produced by this committee for the life of the committee?

1

#### Number of Recommendations Comments

The committee reached consensus on recommended regulatory language for the proposed rule that would set federal standards for all appropriate inquiries.

What is the approximate <u>Percentage</u> of these recommendations that have been or will be <u>Fully</u> implemented by the agency?

100%

#### % of Recommendations Fully Implemented Comments

The Agency published the Committee's recommended regulatory language as the proposed rule on all appropriate inquiries.

### What is the approximate <u>Percentage</u> of these recommendations that have been or will be <u>Partially</u> implemented by the agency?

0%

### % of Recommendations <u>Partially</u> Implemented Comments NA

### Does the agency provide the committee with feedback regarding actions taken to implement recommendations or advice offered?

Yes 🗹 No 🗌 Not Applicable 🗌

#### **Agency Feedback Comments**

We notified the committee members that we published the rule in the Federal Register.

### What other actions has the agency taken as a result of the committee's advice or recommendation?

	Checked if Applies
Reorganized Priorities	
Reallocated resources	
Issued new regulation	
Proposed legislation	
Approved grants or other payments	
Other	

### Action Comments

NA

Is the Committee engaged in the review of applications for grants? No

**Grant Review Comments** 

#### How is access provided to the information for the Committee's documentation?

Checked if Applies

Contact DFO	$\checkmark$
Online Agency Web Site	✓
Online Committee Web Site	
Online GSA FACA Web Site	
Publications	
Other	

#### **Access Comments**

NA